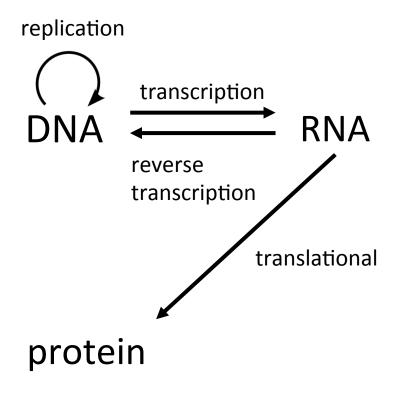
Building a low-budget public resource for large-scale proteomic analysis

Anoop Mayampurath Computation Institute April 17, 2014





The world of proteomics



Proteins carry out **most** cellular activity, including **control** (regulation) of transcription, translation, and replication of DNA.

Alzheimer's Disease

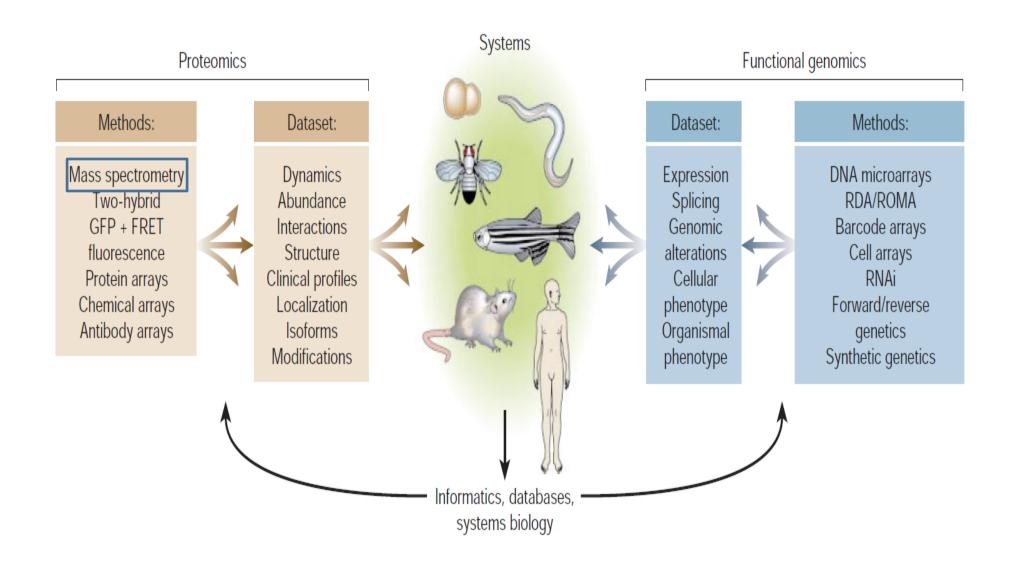
- Most common late-onset Alzheimer's gene : APOE (e2,e3, and e4)
- Plaque accumulation but do not develop Alzheimer's
- Repressor element-1 silencing transcription factor

ARTICLE

doi:10.1038/nature13163

REST and stress resistance in ageing and Alzheimer's disease

Tao Lu¹, Liviu Aron¹, Joseph Zullo¹, Ying Pan¹, Haeyoung Kim¹, Yiwen Chen², Tun-Hsiang Yang¹, Hyun-Min Kim¹, Derek Drake¹, X. Shirley Liu², David A. Bennett³, Monica P. Colaiácovo¹ & Bruce A. Yankner¹



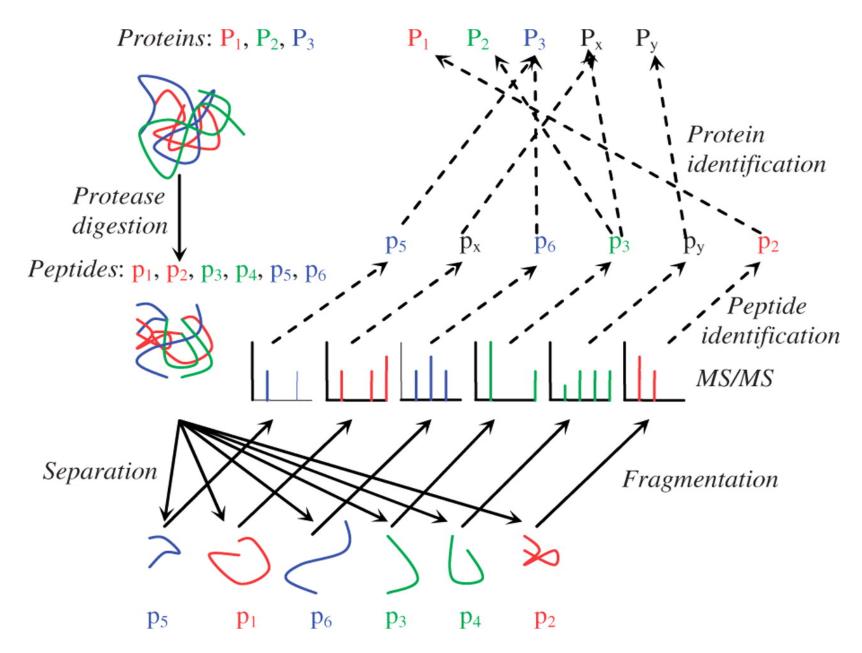
Tyers & Mann Nature 422, 2003

A little

background

on

mass spectrometry-proteomics

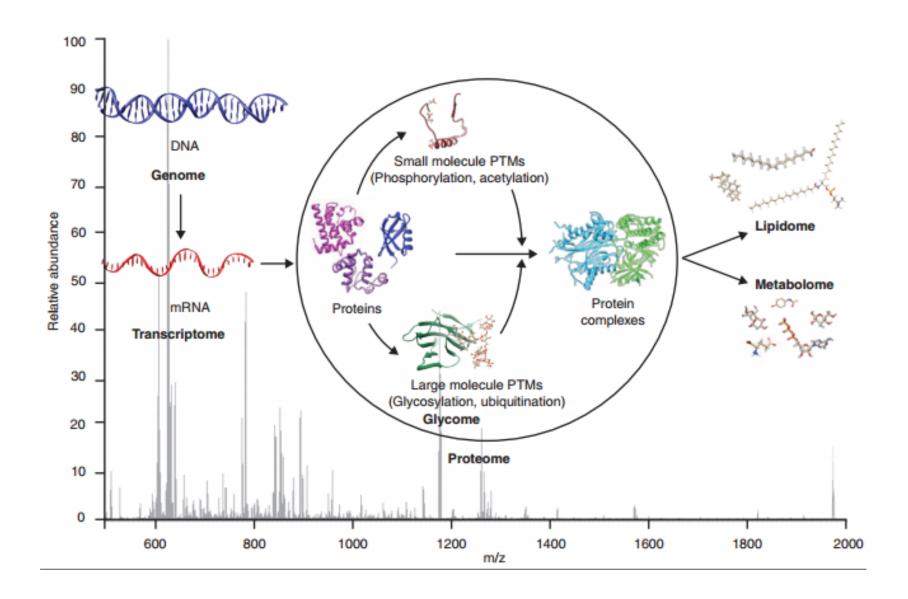


Shen C et al. Bioinformatics 2008;24:202-208

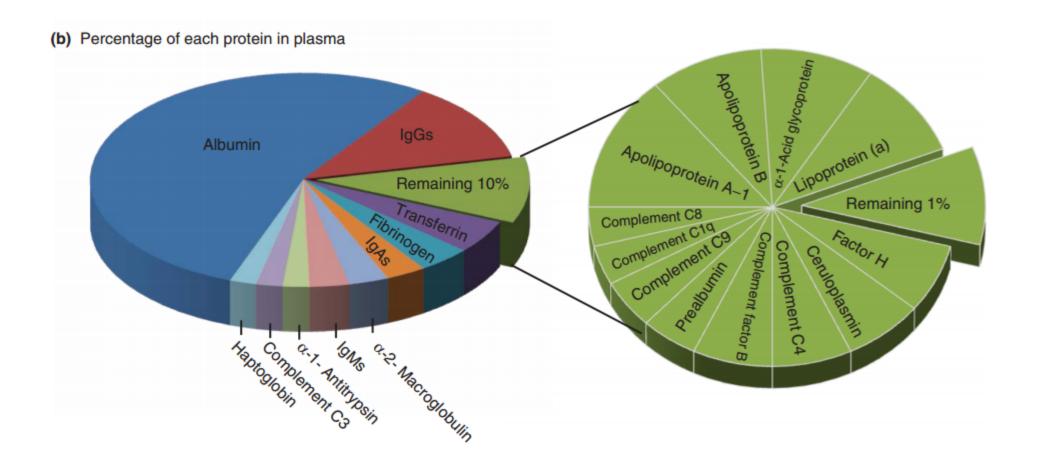
LC-MS/MS clinical proteomic challenges

Biology

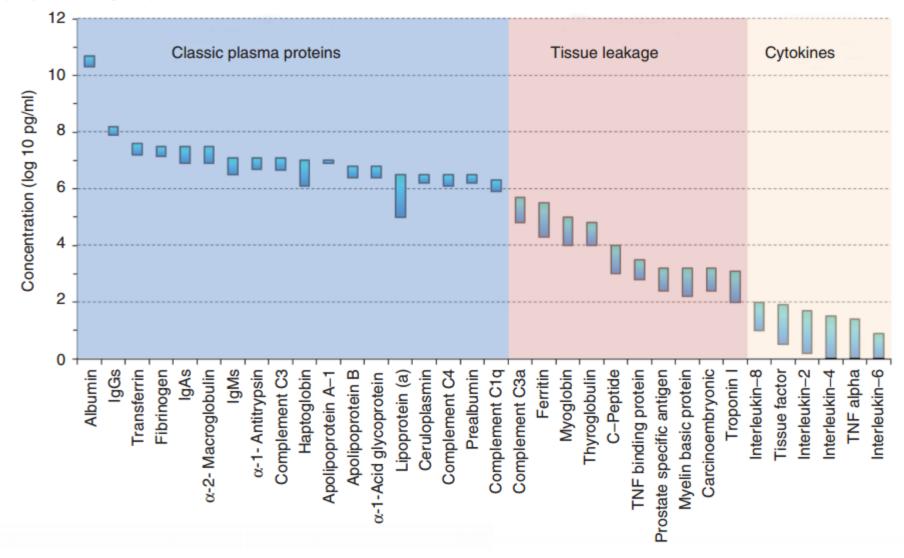
- Complexity of the proteome
- Dynamic range of plasma proteins



Baker et al. Genome Medicine 2012 4:63



(a) Dynamic range of proteins in plasma

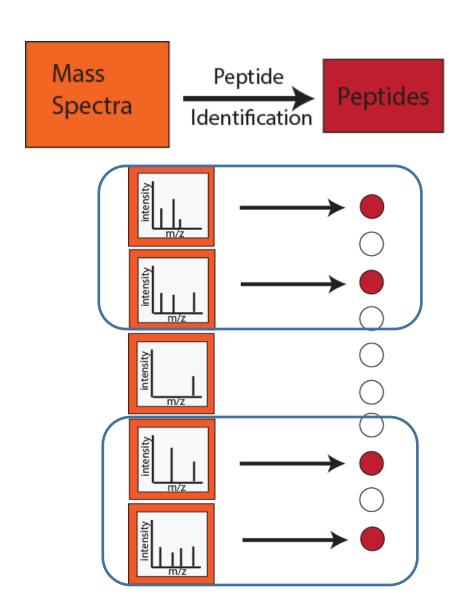


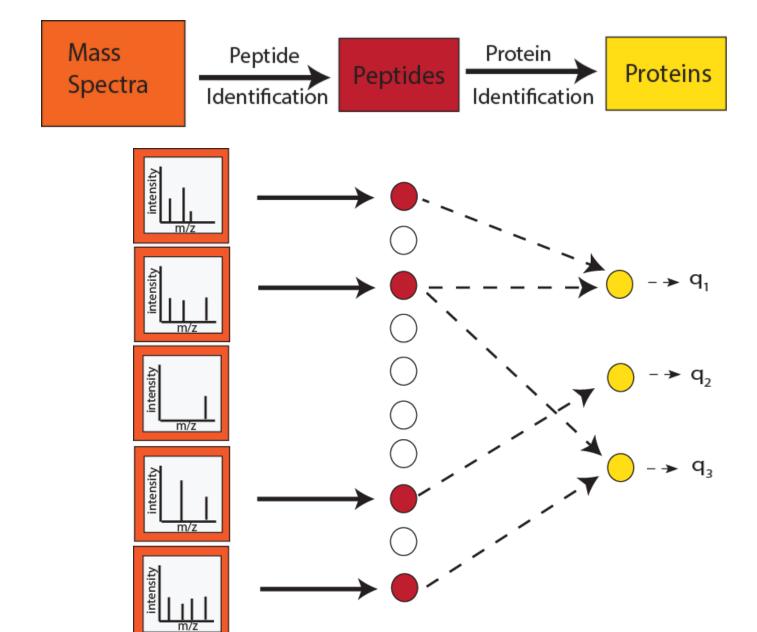
LC-MS/MS clinical proteomic challenges

Computational

 lack of a framework capable of performing large-scale proteomic analysis

The workflow







ms-utils.org

- About
- Software List
- Editing Policies
- FAQ
- ChangeLog

related sites

- ExPASy tools 🗗
- NBIC BioAssist 🚱
- PNNL Tools 🚱
- SPC Proteomic

Tools 🗗

Search:



View Edit History Print

Software List

platforms, pipelines and libraries

CPAS ❷ LIMS and analysis tools for proteomics data (includes msInspect ❷)

CPFP ☑ Central Proteomics Facilities Pipeline [1] ☑ (demo here ☑)

GenePattern 🗗 platform for integrative genomics and proteomics (includes PEPPeR 🕫 [2] 🗗 and other tools for proteomics)

InSilicoSpectro de open source proteomics library (of Perl functions) [3] de Perl libfbi de a fast implementation of box intersection for correspondence estimation in peak picking, alignment, etc.

Java

Java

Ruby

R

Mass-up

utility with full GUI for proteomics data analysis, particularly MALDI-TOF

MASSyPup a lightweight Linux live distribution prepackaged with XITandem, mMass, MZmine, PepNovo/UniNovo, PeptideShaker, mscovert, XCMS etc.

mspire
MS data processing in Ruby, including mzML reader/writer, in-silico digestion, isotopic pattern calculation etc. [4]
Fig. 1. MS data processing in Ruby, including mzML reader/writer, in-silico digestion, isotopic pattern calculation etc.

OpenMS ❷ library for the analysis, reduction and visualization of LC-MS(/MS) data C++

PAPPSO

Plateforme d'Analyse Protéomique de Paris Sud-Ouest

Proteios

pipeline/LIMS for proteomics experiments and analysis

Java

Proteomatic

platform for creating MS/MS data analysis workflows using scripts [5]

proteoWizard

open source library for proteomics tools development (supports mzML) [6]

C++

pymzML ❷ Python module to parse mzML data based on cElementTree [7] ❷ Python

Pyteomics Pyteomics framework for proteomics data analysis, supporting mzML, MGF, pepXML and more [8] Python untegrated environment for storage, analysis and integration of proteomics data (requires login) [9] Python Java

Rproteomics 🗗 set of routines for analyzing proteomics data, an XML database to store the results and a user interface R

TOPP

the OpenMS protein identification/quantitation pipeline

C++

TPP Ø Institute for Systems Biology Ø "Trans-Proteomic Pipeline"

XCMS Ø software package (in R) for metabolite profiling from LC-MS data



Seattle Proteome Center (SPC) - Proteomics Tools

NHLBI Proteomics Center at the Institute for Systems Biology

Home

(To navigate you can click on the chart below)





About

Team Workflow integration

Downloads

Documentation

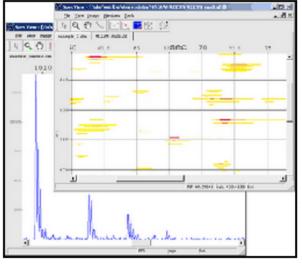
Publications

Support

About

OpenMS is an open-source software C++ library for LC/MS data management and analyses. It offers an infrastructure for the rapid development of mass spectrometry related software. OpenMS is free software available under the three clause BSD license and runs under Windows. MacOSX and Linux.

It comes with a vast variety of pre-built and ready-to-use tools for proteomics and metabolomics data analysis (<u>TOPPTools</u>) and powerful 2D and 3D visualization(<u>TOPPView</u>).



OpenMS offers analyses for various quantitation protocols, including label-free quantitation, SILAC, iTRAQ, SRM, SWATH,

It provides built-in algorithms for de-novo identification and database search, as well as adapters to other state-of-the art tools like XTandem, Mascot, OMSSA, etc.

It supports easy integration of OpenMS built tools into workflow engines like <u>Knime</u>, <u>Galaxy</u>, <u>WS-Pgrade</u>, and **TOPPAS** via the TOPPtools concept and a unified parameter handling (CTD).

News

- OpenMS 1.11.1 released
- 7th OpenMS User Meeting High-performance software for high-throughput proteomics and metabolomics
- OpenMS 1.11 released
- OpenMS 1.10 released
- 6th OpenMS User Meeting High-performance software for high-throughput proteomics and metabolomics

Cloud

Get Galaxy-P

The Minnesota Supercomputing Institute provides a public Galaxy-P server capable of limited analyses, testing, and demor For heavy use you will likely need to install your own instance of Galaxy-P or spin up a Galaxy-P cluster on the cloud.

Public Server

Advantages Immediately accessible. Easiest option for publically sharing data and pages.

Limitations Limited computational and disk resources. Potential problems associated with uploading protected or sensitive data to any public resource.

usegalaxyp.org

Install Your Own

Advantages Full control of computational resources. Easy to modify existing tools or add your own. Use our open source Galaxy-P tools targetting commercial applications that are not available on the public server. Right now these include ProteinPilot and Scaffold.

Limitations Because of its flexiblity, Galaxy can be timeconsuming to install and maintain. Galaxy-P adds more tools and can be configured to utilize remote Windows resources adding additional complexity.

Install Instructions

Take to the Clo

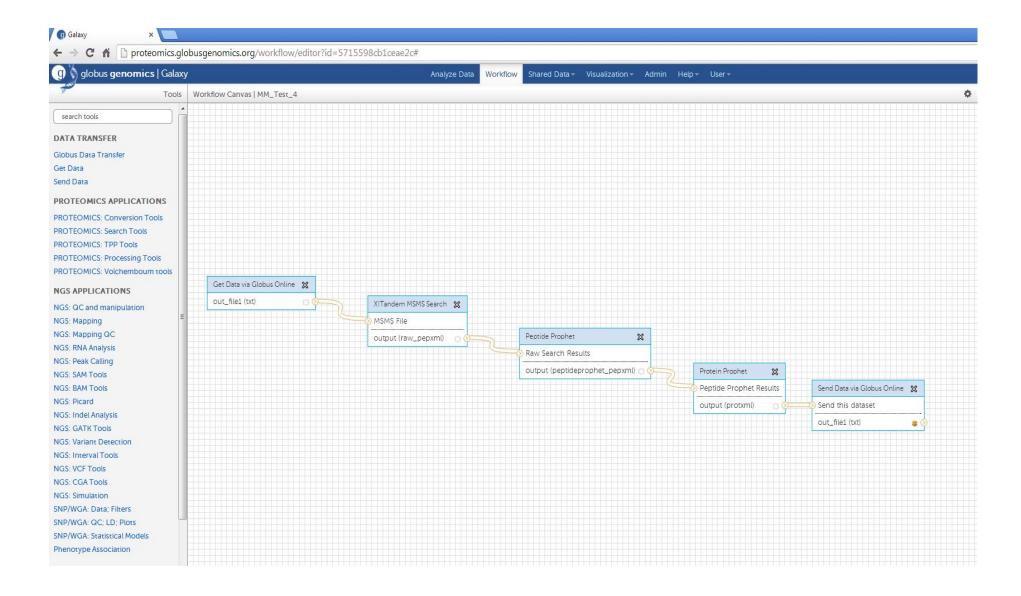
Advantages BioCloudCentral provid interface for creating a Galaxy-P clus CloudMan a likewise easy-to-use inte the disk and computational resources P

Limitations Currently no access to to Windows such as MaxQuant or vendo

Launch Now

What is Galaxy-P?

proteomics.globusgenomics.org



An example : multiple myeloma

	One fraction	All 22 fractions
Metric	(~800 MB)	(~ 16GB)
Wall Time	19 minutes	24 minutes
Total CPU Time	19 minutes	418 minutes
AWS Nodes Used (m2.4xlarge)	1	3
On-demand Cost (\$1.64)	\$1.64	\$4.92
Spot instance Cost (\$0.14 per hour)	\$0.14	\$0.42*

Current pricing for off-campus LC-MS/MS is as follows:

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC): Orbitrap-Velos (\$100/sample run), (\$75/hourly)

Mayo Clinic Proteomics Resource Center (MPRC): Orbitrap-LTQ (\$100/sample run)

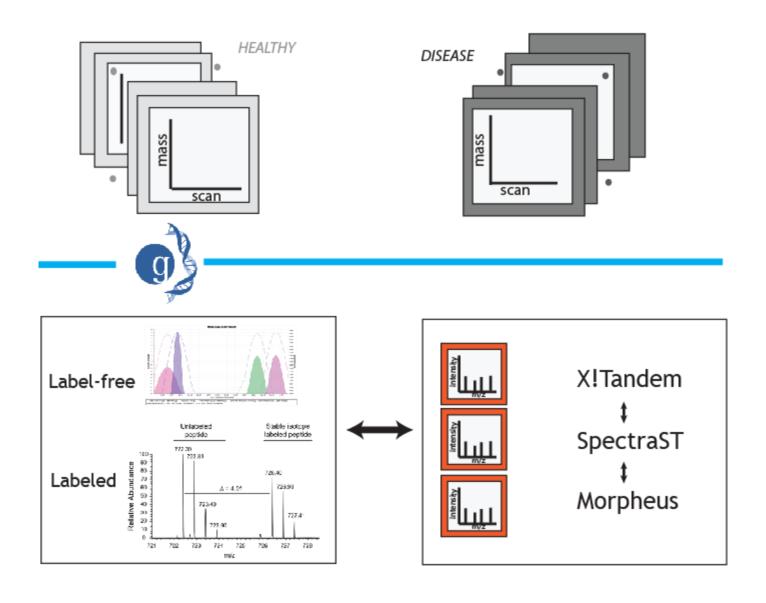
Northwestern University (NU) Proteomics Core: Orbitrap-Velos (\$140/sample run)

Northwestern University (NU) Proteomics Center of Excellence (PCE): Velos Orbitrap Elite with ETD, Velos-FT12T Ultra.

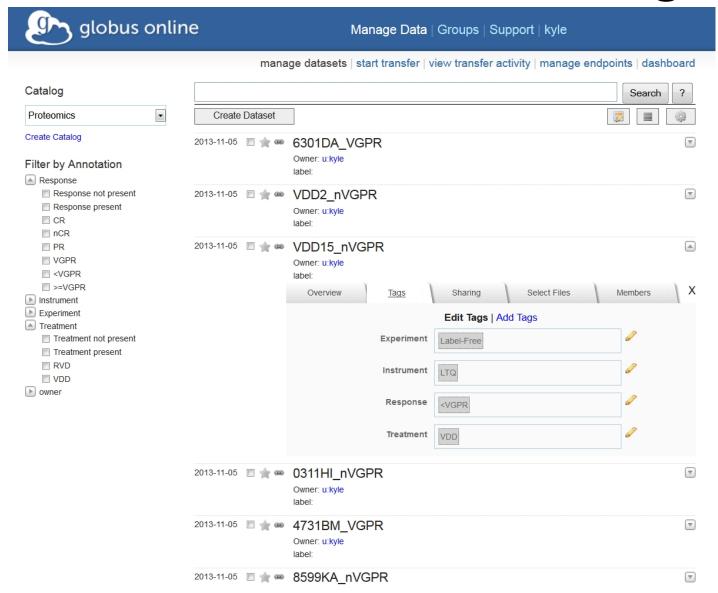
Future work

Functional category	Tools currently available	Tools to be incorporated in future	
Dataset Tools	uf-mzML, , MGF-DTA file converters	msconvert Decon2LS (console version), DeconMSn, MultiAlign(command line), SuperHirn	
Search Tools	X! Tandem, OMSSA, Mascot, MSGF+	SpectraST, Morpheus (command line), MyriMatch	
Identification Tools	PeptideProphet, ProteinProphet , iProphet, Validator-MAX	MaxQuant, IDPicker3	
Quantification Tools	Quantifier, XPRESS, Libra, ASAPRatio	MaxQuant, IDPQuantify	
Other	PepXML/ProtXML to Table	Tools for: processing proteomics catalogs, combining outputs from different workflows, intelligent inclusion predictors.	

Workflow integration



Globus Proteomics catalog



Acknowledgements

- Sam Volchenboum
- Kolbrun Kristjansdottir
- Don Wolfgeher
- Alex Rodriguez
- Kyle Chard
- Ravi Madduri
- Paul Dave